

# Near Triple Arrays

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Based on joint work with Klas Markström and Lars-Daniel Öhman

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## Triple arrays (TA)

$(r \times c, v)$ -triple array

$r \times c$  table,  $v$  symbols each used  $e$  times, no repetitions in rows/columns,  
 $|\text{row} \cap \text{row}| = \lambda_{rr}$ ,  $|\text{column} \cap \text{column}| = \lambda_{cc}$ ,  $|\text{row} \cap \text{column}| = \lambda_{rc}$

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	3	4	5	6	10	8	11	12
5	7	1	10	11	8	12	9	3
12	10	11	9	7	1	4	2	6

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- ◊ Statistically optimal as experimental designs
- ◊ *Latin square* =  $(n \times n, n)$ -TA, *Youden rectangle* =  $(r \times n, n)$ -TA

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$$e = \lambda_{rc} = \frac{rc}{v}, \quad \lambda_{rr} = \frac{c(e-1)}{r-1}, \quad \lambda_{cc} = \frac{r(e-1)}{c-1}$$

- *admissible*  $(r \times c, v)$ :  $e, \lambda_{rc}, \lambda_{rr}, \lambda_{cc} \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\max(r, c) \leq v \leq rc$

# Near triple arrays (NTA)

$(r \times c, v)$ -near triple array

G.-Markström–Öhman 25

each symbol used  $\lfloor e \rfloor$  or  $\lceil e \rceil$  times, no repetitions in rows/columns,

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7	8	6	1	4	2

- ◊ No admissibility conditions
- ◊ NTA = TA for TA-admissible  $(r \times c, v)$

## Component designs

1	2	3	4	5	6
2	3	1	7	8	9
4	10	8	6	9	1
7	6	10	8	2	5
10	9	5	3	4	7

$(5 \times 6, 10)$ -TA

# Component designs

1	2	3	4	5	6
2	3	1	7	8	9
4	10	8	6	9	1
7	6	10	8	2	5
10	9	5	3	4	7

(5 × 6, 10)-TA

1            

*Column design*

# Component designs

1	2	3	4	5	6
2	3	1	7	8	9
4	10	8	6	9	1
7	6	10	8	2	5
10	9	5	3	4	7

$(5 \times 6, 10)$ -TA

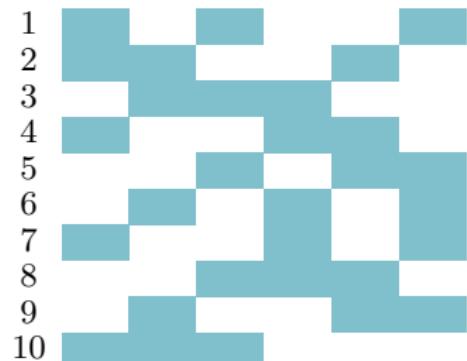


*Column design*

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1	2	3	4	5	6
2	3	1	7	8	9
4	10	8	6	9	1
7	6	10	8	2	5
10	9	5	3	4	7

$(5 \times 6, 10)$ -TA

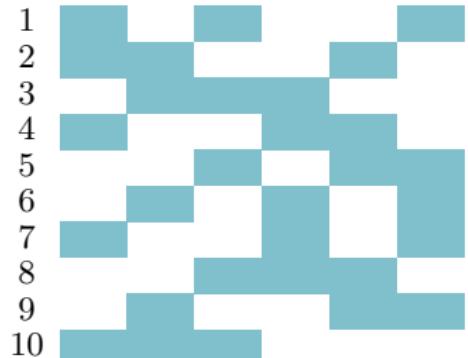


*Column design*

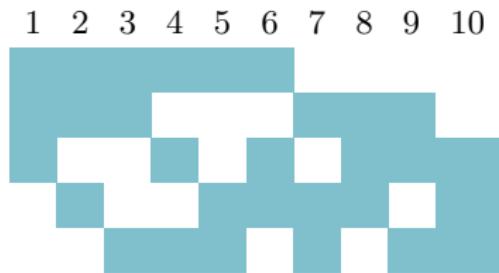
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2	3	1	7	8	9
4	10	8	6	9	1
7	6	10	8	2	5
10	9	5	3	4	7

$(5 \times 6, 10)$ -TA



*Column design*

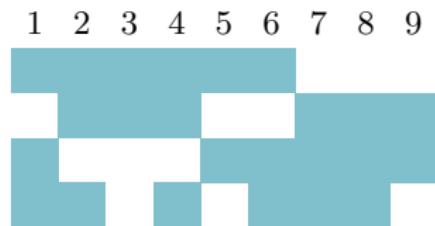


*Row design*

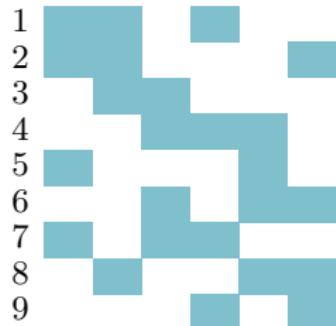
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1	2	3	4	5	6
2	3	4	7	8	9
5	1	7	9	6	8
7	8	6	1	4	2

$(4 \times 6, 9)$ -NTA



*Row design*

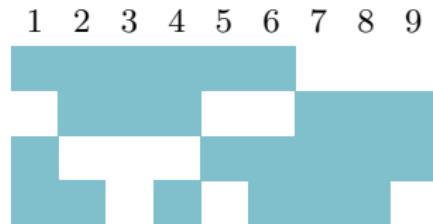


*Column design*

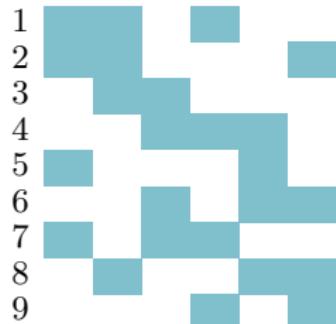
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$(4 \times 6, 9)$ -NTA



Row design



Column design

**NTA:** *max. balanced  
max. uniform  
design* **(Bofill–Torras 04)**

$e \in \mathbb{Z}$ : *regular  
graph  
design*

**TA:** *balanced  
incomplete  
block  
design*

$\lambda_{cc} \in \mathbb{Z}$ : *pairwise  
balanced  
design*

## Existence of NTA

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- ◊  $(3 \times c, v)$ -NTA exist for all  $v$  when  $c \geq 6$       **G.-Markström–Öhman 25**
  - ◊ **Conjecture:**  $(r \times c, v)$ -NTA exist for all  $v$  when  $c \geq r(r - 1)$

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  - ◊ **Conjecture:**  $(r \times c, v)$ -NTA exist for all  $v$  when  $c \geq r(r - 1)$
  - ◊ **Question:** arrays with  $|\text{row} \cap \text{row}| \in [x, x + 2]$ , etc., exist for all  $r, c, v$ ?

## Connections with balanced grids

- *Balanced grid*: each pair of symbols appears together in  $\mu$  rows+columns

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- A  $v \geq r + c - 1$  for TA    **Bailey–Heidtmann 94, Bagchi 98, MPWY 05**
- B  $v \leq r + c - 1$  for BG    **MPWY 05**
- C TA  $\Leftrightarrow$  BG when  $v = r + c - 1$                       **MPWY 05 + McSorley 05**

## Connections with balanced grids



$$(r \times c, v)\text{-array: } \# \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{pair of rows/columns} \\ \text{both contain same} \\ \text{pair of symbols} \end{array} \right) \geq S_{\text{NTA}} = S_{\text{NTA}}(r, c, v) \geq S_{\text{NBG}} = S_{\text{NBG}}(r, c, v)$$

# Connections with balanced grids

- *Balanced grid*: each pair of symbols appears together in  $\mu$  rows+columns
- Ⓐ  $v \geq r + c - 1$  for TA     Bailey–Heidtmann 94, Bagchi 98, MPWY 05
- Ⓑ  $v \leq r + c - 1$  for BG    MPWY 05
- Ⓒ TA  $\Leftrightarrow$  BG when  $v = r + c - 1$     MPWY 05 + McSorley 05
- *Near balanced grid*:    ... in  $\lfloor \mu \rfloor$  or  $\lceil \mu \rceil$  rows+columns

$(r \times c, v)$ -array:      $\# \left( \begin{matrix} \text{pair of rows/columns} \\ \text{both contain same} \\ \text{pair of symbols} \end{matrix} \right) \geq S_{\text{NTA}} = S_{\text{NTA}}(r, c, v)$   
 $\geq S_{\text{NBG}} = S_{\text{NBG}}(r, c, v)$

## Theorem

$S_{\text{NTA}} < S_{\text{NBG}} \Rightarrow \text{no NTA}$

G.–Markström–Öhman 25

$S_{\text{NTA}} > S_{\text{NBG}} \Rightarrow \text{no NBG}$

$S_{\text{NTA}} = S_{\text{NBG}} \Rightarrow \text{NTA} = \text{NBG}$

◊ Implies Ⓐ, Ⓑ, Ⓒ

# Enumeration of TA

- *isotopism* = row + column + symbol permutations

$v$	6	10	12	14	15	20
$r \times c$	$3 \times 4$	$5 \times 6$	$4 \times 9$	$7 \times 8$	$6 \times 10$	$5 \times 16$
Total #	0	7	1	684782	270119	26804
Aut	1			682054	263790	26714
	2			1266	5280	
	3	2	1	1277	260	90
	4	1		98	579	
	5				1	
	6	1		48	69	
	7			2		
	8			12	88	
	10				2	
	12	2		9	17	
	16				11	
	18				1	
	20				4	
	21			8		
	24			7	9	
	36				2	
	48				4	
	60	1				
	120				1	
	168			1		
	720				1	

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	21			8		
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	60	1				
	120				1	
	168			1		
	720				1	

## $(6 \times 10, 15)$ -TA with $|\text{Aut}| = 720$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	0	3	2	5	4	10	11	12	13
6	10	7	11	8	12	0	2	4	14
9	13	12	8	11	7	14	5	3	0
11	7	10	6	9	13	3	1	14	4
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- “*integrate*-dense”

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- “*intercalate*-dense”

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0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	0	<b>3</b>	2	5	4	10	11	12	13
6	10	7	11	8	12	0	2	4	14
9	13	12	8	11	7	14	5	3	0
11	7	10	6	9	13	<b>3</b>	1	14	4
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6	10	7	11	8	12	0	2	4	14
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9	13	12	8	11	7	14	5	3	0
11	7	10	6	9	13	3	1	14	4
12	8	9	13	10	6	5	14	1	2

- “*intercalate*-dense”
  - ◊ part of infinite series of intercalate-dense TA

Nilson 22

## $(6 \times 10, 15)$ -TA with $|\text{Aut}| = 120$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	0	3	4	5	2	10	11	12	13
6	11	0	8	14	13	9	12	3	2
8	13	14	11	0	6	5	4	7	10
10	9	7	14	12	1	11	2	5	8
12	7	10	1	9	14	3	6	13	4

- **intercalate partition**

## $(6 \times 10, 15)$ -TA with $|\text{Aut}| = 120$

<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	3	4	5	2	10	11	12	13
6	11	<b>0</b>	8	<b>14</b>	13	9	12	3	2
8	13	<b>14</b>	11	<b>0</b>	6	5	4	7	10
10	9	7	<b>14</b>	12	<b>1</b>	11	2	5	8
12	7	10	<b>1</b>	9	<b>14</b>	3	6	13	4

- **intercalate partition**

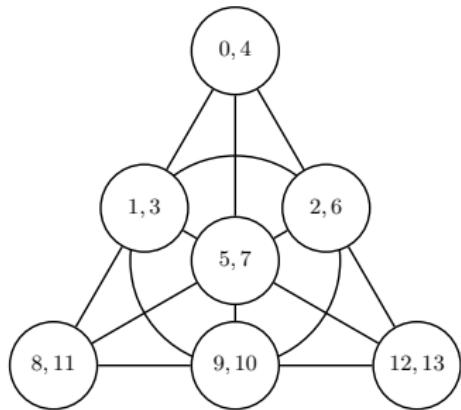
$(6 \times 10, 15)$ -TA with  $|\text{Aut}| = 120$

0	1	<b>2</b>	3	4	<b>5</b>	6	<b>7</b>	8	9
1	0	3	4	5	<b>2</b>	10	11	12	<b>13</b>
6	11	0	8	14	<b>13</b>	9	12	3	<b>2</b>
8	<b>13</b>	14	11	0	6	5	4	<b>7</b>	10
10	9	<b>7</b>	14	12	1	11	<b>2</b>	5	8
12	<b>7</b>	10	1	9	14	3	6	<b>13</b>	4

- **intercalate partition**

# $(7 \times 8, 14)$ -TA with $|\text{Aut}| = 168$

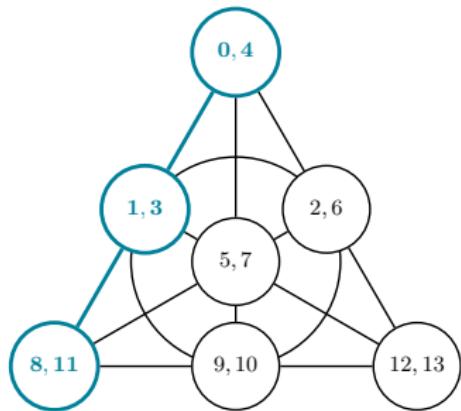
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	8	3	9	5	10	7	11
2	12	13	8	3	1	11	6
7	5	9	2	6	12	13	10
8	0	5	7	13	11	4	12
10	6	11	4	8	2	9	0
13	9	0	12	10	4	1	3



- line of *Fano plane*  $\leftrightarrow$  four  $3 \times 2$  *Latin subrectangles*

$(7 \times 8, 14)$ -TA with  $|\text{Aut}| = 168$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	8	3	9	5	10	7	11
2	12	13	8	3	1	11	6
7	5	9	2	6	12	13	10
8	0	5	7	13	11	4	12
10	6	11	4	8	2	9	0
13	9	0	12	10	4	1	3



- line of *Fano plane*  $\leftrightarrow$  four  $3 \times 2$  *Latin subrectangles*